TELESCOPE

August, 1964 Volume 13, Number





Great Lakes Maritime Institute

> Dossin Great Lakes Museum, Belle Isle, Detroit 7, Michigan

Meetings

General Meeting Friday 25 September 1964 Dossin Museum, 8 p.m.

Our speaker will be Mr. F. Wells Robison, Technical Liaison Officer of the United States Lake Survey. The program will be their latest film, "The Lake Survey." We have all become familiar with earlier instruments and work of the Lake Survey through viewing the display at Dossin Museum. The waters which they chart have been much in the news for their unusually low levels, making shallower the dredged channels for shipping and bringing hardship to property along the shoreline. What might be considered normal levels for the lakes? Is there any truth in the idea that lake high water levels come in cycles of seven years? Bring these and any other questions with you, and come to see how the Lake Survey does its work today.

Business Meeting Friday 30 October 1964 Dossin Museum, 8 p.m.

Visitors are welcome to these meetings of the Board of Directors.

INSTITUTE PAGE

Contents

Cover: Freighter Michipicoten, the former Pittsburgher Henry C. Frick, now sails under British Commonwealth (Nassau) registry on behalf of Algoma Central's fleet. Peter Worden took this photo in the St. Marys.

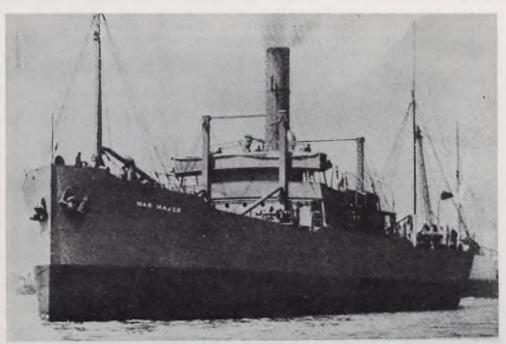
We rejoice to learn of the generosity of Mr. Stanley S. Kresge and the Kresge Foundation toward the Detroit Historical Museum. Kresge Foundation recently pledged \$500,000 toward building an addition to the Main Museum on Woodward at Kirby, with these funds to be equalled by the city's own pledge toward the project. The Kresges have long been benefactors of public buildings and college campuses across the country can usually boast of a "Kresge" building. The Detroit Historical Museum and Society have long blessed the program of the Institute, and we are pleased with their good fortune. G. P. B.

The first and second parts of Father Dowling's list of the "Lakers" appeared in the Telescope issues for April and May of 1964, describing "Early Lake-built Ocean Vessels" and "The Pre-Lakers."

The "Lakers"

OF WORLD WAR I AND THEIR PREDECESSORS: PART THREE The "Wars"

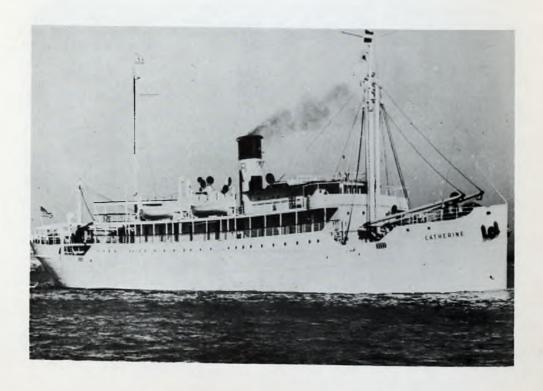
By the Rev. Edward J. Dowling, S. J.



War Major

Photograph from the author's collection





When the United States entered the First War in early 1917, there were approximately ninety-nine ocean type freighters under construction or under contract in Great Lakes shipyards. With a few exceptions, these vessels were basically Fredrikstad type freighters.

The exceptions included two "over-size" (345 feet long) three island type vessels which were later bulkheaded through the canals. In addition there were four engines-aft ships of a design developed by Great Lakes Engineering Works for the American coastwise coal trade between Hampton Roads and New England. And two diesel jobs were building at Manitowoc for Scandinavia.

Of the remaining 93 ships, the largest group was intended ultimately for the well known British line, Cunard Steamship Co. of Liverpool. These had been contracted for either by Cunard directly or through various British and American brokers acting in their behalf. Following the British tradition of nomenclature in World War I, these vessels were given two-word names, the first word of which was "War."

The United States Shipping Board requisitioned all 99 of these ships in May, 1917, for American flag service. There was a lot of litigation involved, and not everybody was happy about the final outcome. But the requisitioning was done, and these vessels subsequently flew the American flag.

At that time, no American system of nomenclature had been selected, so apparently the Shipping Board decided to keep the British "War" names for a while at least. In due time, a new series of names for Great Lakes built ships was determined upon, using the name "Lake" as the first word. Some sources credit this system to Mrs. Woodrow Wilson. Be this the case or not, most of the requisitioned vessels were renamed with "Lake" names.

(Note: Five of the "Wars" were delivered to their British owners before the United States entered the war, and in this way escaped the "Lake" renaming.)

Here follows a list of the Great Lakes built "Wars":

PHOTOGRAPHS ON OPPOSITE PAGE

Above: Lake Conesus (the former War Gnome), photograph from the Dossin Museum Collection.

Below: Catherine (the former War Mist and Lake Greenwood), photograph from Photo Bank of the Steamship Historical Society of America.

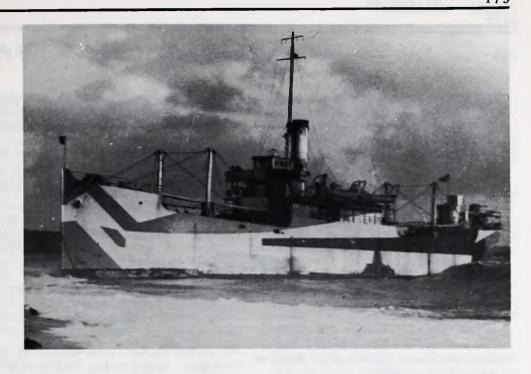
- s.s. War Banner, 1917 Chicago by Chicago Shipbuilding Co. (hull #83). Renamed Lake Worth (US 215716). Sold Belgian in 1920 and renamed Phoenicier. Later names were Amberstone and Orland. Sunk at Midsund, 4-29-1940.
- s.s. War Bayonet, 1917 Toledo by Toledo Shipbuilding Co. (#141). Renamed Lake Superior (US 215756). Later named C. D. Johnson III, Anna Schafer, Tuluran and Anna Schafer. Scrapped in 1946. Spent most of her life in the Pacific Coast lumber trade.
- s.s. War Beaver, 1917 Wyandotte by Detroit Shipbuilding Co. (#211). Renamed Lake Erie (US 215747). Sold Norwegian in early twenties, and successively renamed Gezina, Ragni, Arpeco and Force. In service as of 1958.
- s.s. War Birch, 1918 Lorain by American Shipbuilding Co. (hull #726). Renamed Lake Charles (US 216091). Later Norwegian Kirsten B.
- s.s. War Branch, 1918 Lorain by American Shipbuilding Company (hull #730). Renamed Lake Fernwood (US 216400) and later Virginia Dispatch for Old Dominion Lines. Later British and Italian Mercurio. Sunk by Allied action at Parenzo, 1944.
- s.s. War Briar, 1918 Lorain by American (#727). Renamed Lake Jessup (US 216092). Sold Norwegian in 1924 and renamed Ekstrand.
- s.s. War Bugle, 1918 Ashtabula by Great Lakes Engineering Works (#180). Renamed Lake Maurepas (US 216184). Scrapped by Ford at Dearborn in the twenties.
- s.s. War Castle, 1918 Manitowoc by Manitowoc Shipbuilding Co. (#82). Renamed Lake Ontario (US 215816). Also scrapped by Ford at Dearborn.
- s.s. War Centaur, 1918 Duluth by McDougall-Duluth Corp. (hull #3). Renamed Lake Traverse (US 216150

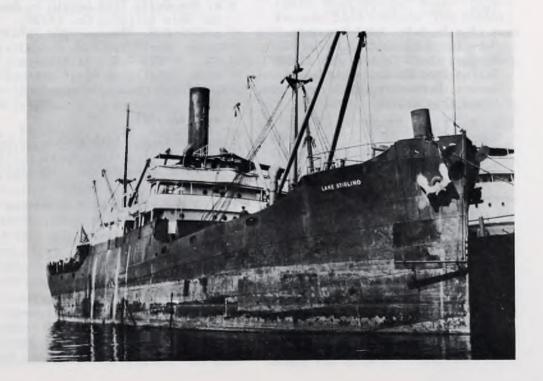
- and later Pan. 1193). Spent most of her life on the Great Lakes. Foundered due to sprung plates, near Tortuga Island in the Caribbean, 7-6-1955.
- s.s. War Chant, 1917 Superior, Wis., by Superior Shipbuilding Co. (hull #528). Renamed Lake Champlain (US 215642). Sold Belgian in 1920 and renamed Nipponier. Later Fruithandel and Meisei Maru (Jap. 32635). Sunk by U. S. Submarine Flying Fish in Sea of Japan on 6-11-1945.
- s.s. War Cloud, 1918 Manitowoc by Manitowoc Shipbuilding Co. (#93). Renamed Lake Linden (US 216805). Scrapped by Ford in 1927.
- s.s. War Comet, 1918 Manitowoc by Manitowoc Shipbuilding Co. (#90). Renamed Lake Monroe (US 216739). Later named Mary (A. H. Bull & Co.) and British Thorpebay. Sunk as disposal hulk for cargo of gas bombs, 11-1947.
- s.s. War Cornet, 1918 Ecorse by Great Lakes Engineering Works (#189). Renamed Lakehurst (US 216262). Scrapped by Ford, 1928.
- s.s. War Cross, 1917 Cleveland by American Ship Building Co. (#463). Delivered before requisitions of U. S. Shipping Board. Later Ars, Cap d'Ailly, Blink and Hsing Ping.
- s.s. War Cymbal, 1918 Ashtabula by Great Lakes Engineering Works (#186). Later Lake Charlotte (US 216424). Scrapped at Dearborn by Ford in 1928.

PHOTOGRAPHS ON OPPOSITE PAGE:

Above: Lake Harris (the former War Fairy), aground, at Scilly Isles, 1918. Photo from author's collection.

Below: Lake Stirling (the former War Thrush). Photo courtesy of Richard J. Wright.





- s.s. War Daisy, 1918 Toledo by Toledo Shipbuilding Co. (#154). Renamed Lake Sebago (US 216355). Later Robert Johnson, Hubert Schafer and Santa Monica. In service in 1962.
- s.s. War Drum, 1918 Ashtabula by Great Lakes Engineering Works (#181). Renamed Lake Louise (US 216406). Engines removed by Ford in 1927. Later barge Lake Louise and Gordon C. Cooke. Foundered off Delaware coast, 4-7-1947.
- s.s. War Duty, 1918 Chicago by Chicago Shipbuilding Co. (#85). Renamed Lake Crescent (US 216098). Later Padilla (Colombian & American) and Morea (Italian). Sunk as a blockship, 1940.
- s.s. War Elfin, 1918 Ashtabula by Great Lakes Engineering Works (#178). Later named Lake St. Regis. Scrapped by Ford in 1927.
- s.s. War Fairy, 1918 Ashtabula by Great Lakes Engineering Works (#188). Renamed Lake Harris (US 216646), and scrapped by Ford in 1928. (See illustration.)
- s.s. War Ferret, 1917 Wyandotte by Detroit Shipbuilding Co. (#215). Renamed Lake Conway (US 215940). Sailed from Philadelphia bound for Havana, September, 1919, and never heard from again.
- s.s. War Finch, 1917 Cleveland by American Ship Building Co. (#468). Renamed Lake Michigan (US 215722). Sold Belgian in 1920 and renamed Picardier. Foundered in the Baltic Sea, 11-21-1923.
- s.s. War Flag, 1918 Toledo by Toledo Shipbuilding Co. (#143). Renamed Lake Sunapee (US 216260). Later names were Frank Lynch, Nestor, Otto, Irish Willow and Veraguas. Scrapped in Belgium in 1960.
- s.s. War Flute, 1918 Ecorse by Great Lakes Engineering Works (#190). Renamed Lake Mary (US 216481). Scrapped by Ford in 1928.

- s.s. War Fortune, 1918 Lorain by American Ship Building Co. (#731). Renamed Lake Weir (US 216330). Converted to diesel-powered sand dredge in 1926 and renamed Sandmaster. On the Great Lakes until World War II. Sold Brazillian in 1946.
- s.s. War Fox, 1917 Wyandotte by Detroit Shipbuilding Co. (#213). Renamed Lake Forest (US 215784). Sold Belgian in 1920. Later names were Venetier, Tabakhandel, Este, Chollin, Rafael Ariztia, San Patricio, Mary V. and Kadio S. Was scrapped at Gijon, Spain, in 1960.
- s.s. War Gnome, 1918 Ecorse by Great Lakes Engineering Works (#192). Renamed Lake Conesus (US 215501). Scrapped by Ford in 1927. (See illustration.)
- s.s. War Goblin, 1918 Ecorse by Great Lakes Engineering Works (#177). Renamed Lake St. Clair (US 216052). Scrapped by Ford in 1927.
- s.s. War Gull, 1918 Lorain by American Ship Building Co. (#729). Renamed Lake Benton (US 216329). Later Norwegian Fido and Strindheim. Was the last vessel to clear the lakes and the old St. Lawrence Canals, outbound, in 1958. Scrapped at Stavanger, Norway, in 1961.
- s.s. War Harp, 1918 Ecorse by Great Lakes Engineering Works (#193). Renamed Lake Silver (US 216570). Scrapped by Ford in 1928.
- s.s. War Honour, 1917 Wyandotte by Detroit Shipbuilding Co. (#212). Renamed Lakewood (US 215785). Sold Belgian in 1920. Later names were Cambrier, Cap d'Alprecht, Biodd and Yung Chi. Scrapped, during World War II.
- s.s. War Hope, 1918 Wyandotte by Detroit Shipbuilding Co. (#216). Later Lake Butler (US 216037), Palatka, Unvava, Bunting and Bunt-

- ing III. Scrapped in 1949. Had served for many years in the Newfoundland sealing trade.
- s.s. War Hound, 1917 Chicago by Chicago S. B. Co. (#84). Renamed Lake Huron (US 215788). Sold Belgian in 1919. Later names were Serbier, Cap La Heve, Binab, Benito, Advance, Trojan, Trojan III and Advance. In service as of 1962.
- s.s. War Imp, 1917 Ecorse by Great Lakes Engineering Works (#179). Renamed Lake Houghton (US 216051). Stranded on Cranberry Island, Nova Scotia, 6-11-1918.
- s.s. War Laurel, 1918 Chicago by Chicago S. B. Co. (#66). Renamed Lake Clear (US 216199). Later dredge Sandcraft, on Great Lakes and on coast. Sunk in collision with collier Melrose in New York Harbor, 6-2-1950.
- s.s. War Lily, 1918 Toledo by Toledo S. B. Co. (#145). Renamed Lake Cayuga (US 216365). Later Dorothy Wintermote. Stranded near Point Arena, California, 9.17-1938.
- s.s. War Lynx, 1918 Wyandotte by Detroit S. B. Co. (#220). Renamed Lake Felicity (US 216254). Later Iberier, Norte and Tiete. Sunk in collision near Rio de Janeiro, 8-7-1944.
- s.s. War Major, 1917 Wyandotte by Detroit S. B. Co. (#206). Delivered to Cunard before requisitions began to take place. Later Ninfa (Italian 1535), Argia and Pugliola. In Lloyds', 1940. Later data wanted. (See photo.)
- s.s. War Maple, 1918 Lorain by American S. B. Co. (#728). Renamed Lake Ogden (US 216093). Rebuilt in middle twenties as passenger vessel Trujillo (Red "D" Line). Later Mexican Emancipacion. In service as of 1962.
- s.s. War Martin, 1918 Wyandotte by Detroit S. B. Co. (#214). Renamed

- Lake Duane (US 215849). Sold Belgian, 1919, and renamed Roumanier. Later names were Girasol, Vale, Heng-Shan, Furienne Consulini and Konie Maru. Sunk by "enemy" (USA) action, 8-2-1944.
- s.s. War Meteor, 1918 Manitowoc by Manitowoc S. B. Co. (#94). Renamed Lake Winthrop (US 216780). Later Barbara (A. H. Bull & Co.) and Danish Norna. Out of Lloyds', 1933.
- s.s. War Mist, 1918 Manitowoc by Manitowoc S. B. Co. (#91). Renamed Lake Greenwood. Rebuilt as passenger ship Catherine for A. H. Bull & Co. in twenties. Later Stratford, Catherine, Granton Glen and Anne de Bretagne. Scrapped in Europe, 1955. (See illustration).
- s.s. War Music, 1918 Ecorse by Great Lakes Engineering Works (#182). Renamed Lake Owens (US 216169). Sunk by enemy action off Cornwall Coast, England, 9-2-1918.
- s.s. War Naiad, 1918 Ecorse by Great Lakes Engineering Works (#187). Renamed Lake Hemiock (US 216261). Engines removed by Ford and used as barge on Great Lakes until World War II. Foundered, Long Island Sound, 12-13-1957.
- s.s. War Oak, 1918 Cleveland by American S. B. Co. (#470). Renamed Lake Otisco (US 216040). Later Floreal, Nivaa, Usko and Meero. In Lloyds', 1940. Data wanted.
- s.s. War Otter, 1918 Superior by Superior S. B. Co. (#531). Renamed Lake Capens (US 216295). Engines removed in 1928. Scrapped in 1957.
- s.s. War Palm, 1918 Wyandotte by Detroit S. B. Co. (#217). Renamed Lake Arthur (US 216036). Later Virginia Limited (Old Dominion Line), Valentine and Sesostris. Sunk as hulk, loaded with gas bombs for disposal, 1946.

- s.s. War Pansy, 1918 Toledo by Toledo S. B. Co. (#146). Renamed Lake Chelan (US 216454). Sailed on the Great Lakes between the two wars. Scrapped in 1949.
- s.s. War Path, 1917 Wyandotte by Detroit S. B. Co. (#210). Renamed Lake Placid (US 215656). Mined and sunk off Binga Light, near Gothenburg, Sweden, 5-19-1919.
- s.s. War Patrol, 1917 Wyandotte by Detroit S. B. Co. (#204). Delivered to Cunard before U.S.S.B. requisitions began taking place. Sunk by enemy action near Penmarch, 10-18-1917.
- s.s. War Penguin, 1917 Cleveland by American S. B. Co. (#467). Renamed Lakeport (US 215679). Later Danubier, Houthandel and Koshin Maru. In Lloyds', 1940. Data wanted.
- s.s. War Poplar, 1918 Lorain by American S. B. Co. (#733). Renamed Lake Wimico (US 216538). Later Contoy and Blanche Sheridan. Scrapped in 1960.
- s.s. War Raven, 1918 Cleveland by American S. B. Co. (#469). Renamed Lake Lillian (US 215901). Later named Bestum and Hai Jui. Sunk near Shanghai, 12-1941.
- s.s. War Rifle, 1918 Toledo by Toledo S. B. Co. (#142). Renamed Lakebridge (US 215796). Later Cascade. Worked in the Pacific Coast lumber trade until World War II. Sold foreign, 1940 or 1941, and burned in Indian Ocean, 8-22-1941.
- s.s. War Satyr, 1918 Ecorse by Great Lakes Engineering Works (#183). Renamed Lake Winona (US 216170). Scrapped by Ford in 1928.
- s.s. War Sentry, 1918 Manitowoc by Manitowoc S. B. Co. (#86). Renamed Lake Pewaukee (US 216226). Scrapped by Ford in 1928.
- s.s. War Shell, 1917 Toledo by Toledo S. B. Co. (#140). Renamed

- Lakeshore (US 215651). Later names were Olympic, Taganak, Olympic, Glento, Pilhamn and Lulu. In service until about 1960, owned in Lebanon.
- s.s. War Signal, 1917 Superior by Superior S. B. Co. (#529). Renamed Lakeside (US 215715). Sold Belgian, 1919, and renamed Sicilier. Later names were Koffiehandel, Cap Fedhala and Virginia. Lasted until early 1950s.
- s.s. War Sky, 1918 Manitowoc by Manitowoc S. B. Co. (#95). Renamed Lake Wilson (US 216959). Scrapped by Ford in 1928.
- s.s. War Song, 1917 Wyandotte by Detroit S. B. Co. Requisitioned by U. S. Shipping Board, 1917, but later released to Cunard. Lost by enemy action off Ile de Sien, Bay of Biscay, 1-15-1918.
- s.s. War Sphinx, 1918 Ecorse by the Great Lakes Engineering Works (#184). Later Lake Crystal (US 216168). Engines removed by Ford, 1929. Foundered off Watch Hill, Rhode Island, 2-14-1946.
- s.s. War Sprite, 1918 Ashtabula by Great Lakes Engineering Works (hull #191). Renamed Lake Pleasant (US 216738). Engines removed, and hull lengthened to 316 feet by Ford, 1930. Repowered in 1943 and later named Stamo and Adriatica. Scrapped in 1956.
- s.s. War Swift, 1918 Wyandotte by Detroit S. B. Co. (#218). Renamed Lake Weston (US 216075). Later names were Panaghis Vergottis, Strand, Rondo, Salt, Solbitt and Fidelia. In service until about 1959.
- s.s. War Thrush, 1918 Wyandotte by Detroit S. B. Co. (#219). Renamed Lake Stirling (US 216135). Later Virginia Express (Old Dominion Line), Vera, Memphis and Cimbria. In service until middle fifties. (See illustration)

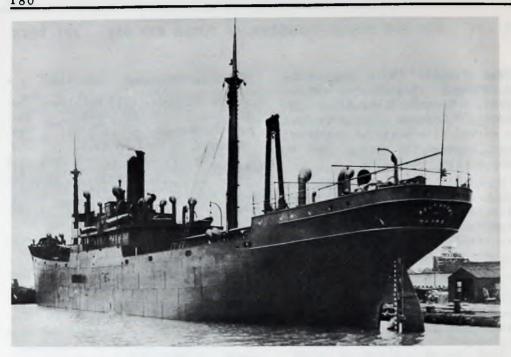
- s.s. War Trumpet, 1918 Ecorse by Great Lakes Engineering Works (#185). Renamed Lake Allen (US 216194). Engines removed by Ford and served as a barge on the Great Lakes between the wars. Lost by enemy action, 10-3-1942.
- s.s. War Tune, 1917 Wyandotte by Detroit Shipbuilding Co. (#207). Delivered to Cunard before U.S. Shipping Board requisitioning went into effect. Sunk by enemy action near Black Head, 12-19-1917.
- s.s. War Valour, 1918 Superior by Superior S. B. Co. (#530). Renamed Lake Tulare (US 216066). Later named Bestik and Hai Hsiang,

- Sunk near Shanghai, 12-1941.
- s.s. War Victor, 1917 Manitowoc by Manitowoc S. B. Co. (#83). Renamed Lakeview (US 215774). Was scrapped by Ford in 1928.
- s.s. War Vigil, 1918 Lorain by American S. B. Co. (#732). Renamed Lake Harney (US 216573). Later names were Germinal, Mall, Irish Rose, Flamenco, Nizeta and Ati. Scrapped, 1960, at Dar-es-Salaam.
- s.s. War Wren, 1918 Lorain by American S. B. Co. (#725). Renamed Lake Como (US 216039). Later Beothic. Wrecked in Nova Scotia, 8-12-1942. Was engaged in the Canadian sealing trade.



Lake Medford, photograph from the author's collection.

The remaining requisitioned vessels may have been intended to be "Wars", but as it was, they came out with various other names. These include quite a few "Lakes," reflecting the influence of the United States Shipping Board. These follow:





- s.s. Allette, 1918 Duluth by McDougall-Duluth Corp. (#5). Renamed Lake Markham (US 216587). Later dredge Chicago. Abandoned and scrapped, 1941.
- s.s. Jean Duluth, 1918 Duluth by McDougall-Duluth Corp. (#9). Renamed Lake Indian (US 216290). Later Rose Murphy. Foundered off Sand Key Light, Florida, 1-25-1927.
- s.s. Lake Annette (US 216403), 1918 Manitowoc by Manitowoc S. B. Co. (#92). Scrapped by Ford, 1928.
- s.s. Lake Arline (US 217059), 1918 Superior by Globe S. B. Co. (#104) Later J. Floyd Massey, Jr., Monomoy and J. Floyd Massey, Jr. She spent most of her career on the Great Lakes. Scrapped in 1954.
- s.s. Lake Borgne (US 216751), 1918 Superior by Globe Shipbuilding Co. (#102). Stranded and foundered near Brest, France, 10-22-1918.
- s.s. Lake Catherine (US 216528), 1918 Toledo by Toledo S. B. Co. (#147). Later Oscar J. Lingeman, Aetna and Manasquan. Scrapped in 1946. Apparently laid down or contracted for as Arthur B. Lewis.
- s.s. Lake Frances (US 216571), 1918
 Toledo by Toledo S. B. Co. (#148).
 Later Lee Hwa. Scrapped in Europe
 in 1954. Laid down as J. W. McGrath.
- s.s. Lake Gardner (US 216811), 1918
 Ecorse by Great Lakes Engineering
 Works (#197). Scrapped by Ford,
 ca. 1927.
- s.s. Lake Geneva (US 216827), 1918

- Duluth by McDougall-Duluth Corp. (#7). Later John J. O'Hagan, Manomet, Aries, John J. O'Hagan and Adelanto. Scrapped in the fifties.
- s.s. Lake Janet (US 216569), 1918 Ecorse by Great Lakes Engineering Works (#196). Scrapped by Ford in 1927.
- s.s. Lake Lida (US 216277), 1918 Manitowoc by Manitowoc S. B. Co. (#88). Scrapped by Ford, 1928.
- s.s. Lake Marion (US 216912), 1918 Ashtabula by Great Lakes Engineering Works (#195). Scrapped by Ford in 1927.
- s.s. Lake Medford (US 216924), 1918
 Superior by Globe S. B. Co. (#
 103). Later H. J. Lawrence, E1wyn C. Hale, Ocean Dominion and
 Alcoa Transport. Lost by enemy
 action in the Caribbean, 2-101942. (See illustration.)
- s.s. Lake Pearl (US 216609), 1918 Ecorse by Great Lakes Engineering Works (#196). Scrapped by Ford in 1927.
- s.s. Lake Portage (US 216409), 1918 Duluth by McDougall-Duluth Corp. (#4). Lost by enemy action near Brest, France, 8-3-1918.
- s.s. Lake Sanford (US 217086), 1918 Ashtabula by Great Lakes Engineering Works (#198). Scrapped by Ford in 1927.
- s.s. Lake Shawano (US 216278), 1918 Manitowoc by Manitowoc S. B. Co. (#87). Scrapped by Ford c. 1933.
- s.s. Lakeville (US 216890), 1918 Ecorse by Great Lakes Engineering Works (#199). Scrapped by Ford in 1928.
- s.s. Lake Washburn (US 216437), 1918
 Superior by Globe S. B. Co. (#
 101). Later C. H. Lawrence, Jr.,
 Toyo Maru No. 6 (Jap. 32623) and
 Toyo Maru No. 8. In Lloyds' in
 1940. Probably scrapped or lost
 during World War II.

PHOTOGRAPHS ON OPPOSITE PAGE:

Above: Souk Ahras of Havre (photograph from collection of author).

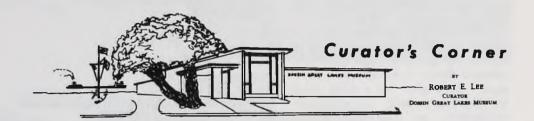
Below: Lake Orange (formerly Zenith City), photograph by courtesy of Don Baut.



Institute member Conrad Milster took this photograph aboard the barge Lake Hemlock (the former War Naiad) while serving on her on the East Coast in the fifties.

- s.s. Madon, 1918 Duluth by McDougall -Duluth Corp. (#8). Renamed Lake Helen (US 216892). Later named York i (Merchants & Miners Transportation Co.); Skogvik and Kama. In service as of 1962.
- s.s. Maski, 1917 Duluth by McDougall-Duluth Co. (#2). Later Lakemoor (US 215770). Lost by enemy action off Corsewell Point, England, 4-11-1918.
- s.s. Muerthe, 1918 Duluth by McDougall-Duluth Co. (#6). Renamed Lake Pepin (US 216718). Later Samoa. Sold to U. S. government, 1946. Disposition data wanted.
- s.s. Souk Ahras (US 215643), 1917 Ecorse by Great Lakes Engineering Works (#168). "Oversize" vessel,

- 372 x 44 x 25. Bulkheaded for canal transit. Renamed Florence H., 1917. Destroyed by explosion, Quibiron Bay, France, 4-17-1918. Hulk recently discovered and explored by scuba divers. (See illustration.)
- s.s. S. N. A. No. 4, 1917 Ecorse by Great Lakes Engineering Works. Sister vessel of Souk Ahras. Renamed Lake Tahoe (US 215745). Later Evansville and Soriano. Out of Lloyds', 1940.
- s.s. Zenith City, 1918 Duluth by Mc-Dougall-Duluth Co. (#10). Renamed Lake Orange (US 217171). Later John Gehm, Menemasha and John Gehm. Scrapped in 1940s. Spent most of her active life on the Great Lakes. (See illustration.)



Nothing we have done in recent times seems to have created the imaginative interest that our pilot house construction has aroused. We have been working out in the open where visitors can watch, and we are this "exhibit under that sure construction" is the most attractive exhibit in the building at the moment. For, who is there among us who is not, at heart, a "sidewalk superintendent" (or should we in this case say "dockside superintendent")?

As the work takes shape, it begins to make sense to the most casual of our visitors. Many old-timers have commented on the woodwork...the finish...the shape...nearly any facet of the job you would care to name. Our greatest compliments come from those who remember the old days, and tell us it "takes them back," or in words to that effect.

The entire interior is now done in a dark walnut (remember?) which is being buffed to a dull luster. Brass screw-heads shine in the window posts, and in the molding above and below the windows. Special doors (complete with "sheer") boast panels with ornate cut borders, and a pair of brass door knobs, worthy of a mansion, finish the picture.

The whistle pull is being reworked so it will accommodate a four-chime whistle which we will be able to actually blow. A spotlight handle is being shortened slightly to bring it into scale and will grace the white enamelled ceiling. A brass speaking tube with a crank "razzer" signal is being shined up after re-

moval of some forty coats of paint. The ceiling light is worth mentioning. You just don't go out and buy the kind of fixture we needed, and we couldn't find one. But, we remembered that the old Detroit street cars used the same kind of fixtures, and we are also a railfan, so...the light comes from an old Detroit street car. We let you, and a hundred or so railfans, in on the secret, but don't tell anyone. They will never know.

The month of September brings up two professional meetings that may well interest some of our members. Any member that wishes to go to any of these meetings would be more than welcome, and it is for this reason that we pass the information along.

September 18 and 19, the Historical Society of Michigan annual meeting will take place at Flint, Michigan. Interested persons can obtain information from the Society at Lansing 13, Michigan. Then immediately after this, on the 21, 22 and 23rd, the Midwest Museums' Conference will be held at Davenport, Iowa. While we see little interest to members in this last meeting, it will include a steamboat ride on the Mississippi, so we are looking forward to it. We would also like to have any members in the area look us up while we're there. We don't know yet which hotel we'll be in, but it won't be difficult to find us through the Chamber of Commerce.

And that, to paraphrase a well-known TV show, was the month that was.

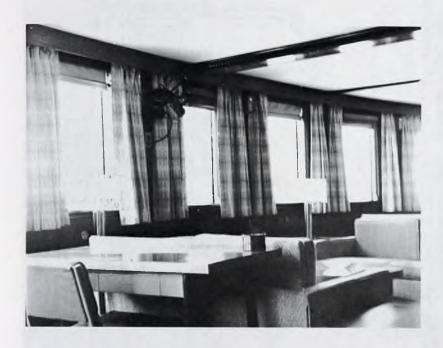
These photos, and the "blueprint" on a following page, permit us a closer look at the Ford motorship Henry Ford II of 1924, described in our last issue. Bob Lee took these views on a trip with Ruth Lee aboard Henry Ford II last season. At right is a deck view at journey's end, as electric unloaders at the Rouge Plant scoop out taconite ore. Below is the wheel house, the nerve center of a ship, with Captain Donald Erickson at the window and the mate on the radar (the wheel is almost out of sight at left). Thanks to Henry Ford's insistence when the ship was built, the passenger lounge (opposite page, above) has the same "pilot house" view from one deck lower. Below on the same page is the passengers' dining room, finished in rich wood panels (the officers' dining room is an inverted duplicate on other side of the ship). Section views of her engine, a Sun-Doxford four-cylinder diesel, form our "blueprint" on page 186.





GRAND SALON: MOTORSHIP
HENRY FORD II OF 1924







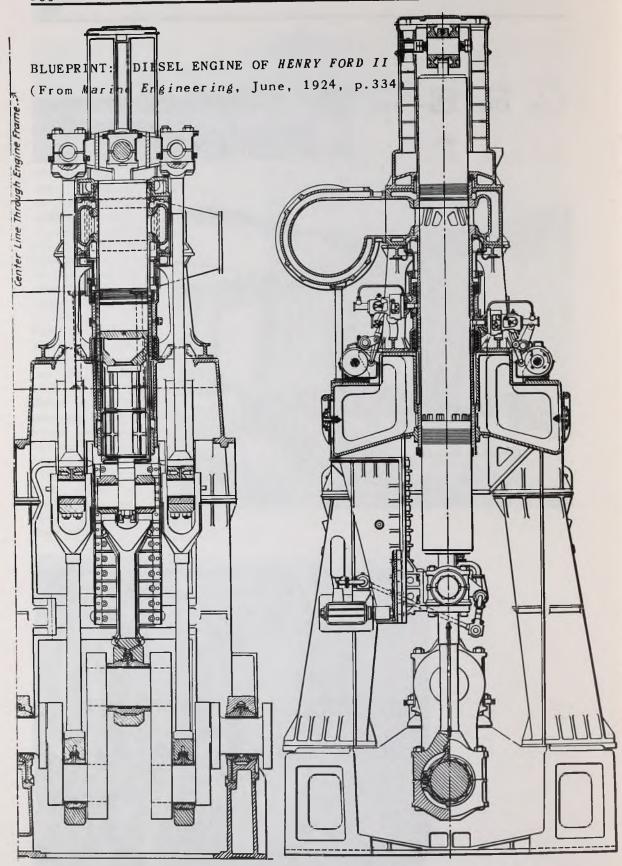


Fig. 1.—Longitudinal Section of Forward Cylinder

Fig. 2.—Transverse Section of Forward Cylinder

GREAT LAKES MARINE NEWS





Robert Radunz, Editor, 3060 Coventry, Drayton Plains, Michigan Ed Andrews, Assistant Editor Please send news photographs to Gordon Bugbee, 442 Stuart Ave.,

Kalamazoo, Michigan 49007 Correspondents: George Ayoub, Ottawa; Leonard Barr, Algonac, Fred W. Dutton, Cleveland; Edwin Sprengeler, Milwaukee; Otto Strek, Detroit; Dan M. Weber, Toledo; Peter B. Worden, Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan; and Richard J. Wright, Akron.

PHOTOGRAPHS ON PRECEDING PAGE:

Buckeye Steamship Company's sale of John T. Hutchinson to Boland & Cornelius last year induced Buckeye to charter two replacements to augment its two-ship fleet of James E. Ferris and Henry LaLiberte. Ishpeming, seen above in Peter Worden's photograph, was chartered from Cleveland-Cliffs, while James Davidson, seen in a photo by Leonard Barr II, came from the Tomlinson fleet. Both retain their owners' colors, but have all black funnels.



JUNE 17...Upper Lakes Shipping's Wheat King was aground on Grays Reef in Northern Lake Michigan, and the attempts of Coast Guard cutter Mackinac to free her were unsuccessful.

JUNE 23...The downbound Norwegian freighter Stella Nova grounded in the St. Lawrence near Alexandria Bay and ripped open her bow and double bottom forward. Damage was estimated at \$250,000.

JUNE 26...Flow of water from Lake Superior past the Sault Locks will be increased immediately to help alleviate low water conditions in Lake Michigan and Lake Huron. The International Joint Commission said

Another of last winter's self-unloader conversions was Canada Steamship Lines' Hochelaga of 1949, seen above in Peter Worden's photograph. As is usual for self-unloaders, her pilot house was given enclosed bridge wings for an all-weather view aft. Hochelaga was one of the six new Canadian upper lakes bulk freighters of 1949 to 1952 to come out with Skinner-Unaflow engines, as described in our last issue.

that the additional water will raise Lakes Michigan and Huron about onetenth of a foot.

JUNE 27...John T. Hutchinson will sail from Fraser-Nelson shipyard at Superior this week after her conversion to a self-unloader.

... Upper Lakes Shipping Ltd. has ordered a 710-foot self-unloader to be built by Port Weller Dry Docks. She will be a sister to the 680-foot Cape Breton Miner, and will join her in trade from Nova Scotia to Lake Ontario carrying coal.

JUNE 28...A Federal judge has ruled that the tanker Polaris was about ninety per cent negligent in its collision with the Soo Line Bridge at Manitowoc on July 2, 1960.

JUNE 29...A flotilla of four destroyers and one submarine from the United States Navy arrived in Montreal on an eight-day good will visit. The submarine is U.S.S. Cubera, and the destroyers are U.S.S. Gearing, Mullinix, Ellison and Holder.

...A Canadian transportation executive has proposed piggy-back truck trailer service between Cleveland and Canadian ports on the other side of Lake Erie. Louis P. Mirando, president of Uscan Transport Ltd., said that the four ships belonging to the McCarthy fleet and now laid up at Detroit could be used in this service. Uscan is reported to be negotiating with McCarthy for purchase or charter of the fleet.

...A total of four million pounds of flour is to be shipped overseas from the Port of Toledo for distribution in Egypt by CARE.

... Three members of the Toledo Port Authority trade mission have returned from Europe. They say that their tour, to promote the Port of Toledo, was a great success.

... The last phase of the Toledo Harbor ship channel deepening project has been started. The whole project has been underway for more than two years, and will cost a total of \$11.4 million. Work is being done by the U.S. Corps of Engineers hopper dredge Markham.

... The Pennsylvania and the Baltimore and Ohio railroads have proposed cutting their export grain freight rates from midwestern "gathering points" to East Coast ports; if the lower rates go into effect, they could have a serious impact on Toledo's future as a grain exporting port.

JULY 1... The prow of a huge ship jutting into the St. Lawrence River will be the symbol for Montreal's World's Fair in 1967.

...Rear Admiral Chester R. Bender, U. S. Coast Guard, has taken command of Coast Guard activities on the Great Lakes. He will be in charge of the Ninth Coast Guard District, with headquarters in Cleveland.

...Andrew W. Fleming, Executive Director of the Detroit-Wayne County Port Commission, has been elected vice-president of the Council of Lake Erie ports.

... Two all-time U. S. Customs Service records were established in the Toledo District in June. Customs receipts soared to a record total of \$3,619,365 in the fiscal year ended yesterday. This figure was swelled by a record one-month total of \$574, 154 in receipts collected in June.

JULY 2...Canadian and U. S. Governments have agreed to a two-year postponement in any change of tolls for the St. Lawrence Seaway.

JULY 3...Idle saltie A. & J. Faith added to her misfortunes at Cleveland when Mikagesan Maru of the Mitsui Line was carried against her by a wind gust, causing damage up to \$5,000. A. & J. Faith has been in the hands of the U. S. Marshal since May 29 when she was arrested for debts while preparing a voyage to Singapore. She will be sold at auc-

tion July 24 to cover perhaps \$1 million in bills she owes.

on Whisky Island in the St. Lawrence near Kingston since July 1, was set free by six tugs from Kingston and Montreal. Damage was unspecified, but she was able to proceed to Montreal with her grain cargo. The salvage barge Mapleheath, in tow of the tug Graeme Stewart, en route to lighter the grounded Whitefish Bay, also went aground, on Wolfe Island during a heavy squall, but was released by other tugs.

... The U. S. Lake Survey indicates that levels of Lakes Superior, Erie and Ontario continue to show improvement, but levels of Lakes Huron and Michigan remain at record lows for this date.

JULY 4...Heavy shipments of iron ore up the St. Lawrence Seaway and wheat downbound pushed the cargo mark past five million tons in June for the second successive month.

JULY 6...The U. S. lake freighter Carle C. Conway (b R. L. Agassiz a William A. Hawgood), formerly owned by National Steel Corp. of Cleveland, cleared the lakehead bound for Japan. She will not be listed in vessel passages through either the Sault, Welland or St. Lawrence Canals. Carle C. Conway was scrapped by the Lakehead Scrap Metal Co. and loaded aboard the Chinese Nationalist freighter Union Trader of China Union Lines of Chilong, Formosa.

JULY 8...Davie Shipbuilding Ltd. of Lauzon is claiming an extra payment of \$1,088,919 on top of the \$16,382,904 original costs of the Naval supply ship Provider built for the Canadian Government. The extra amount is for work not covered by the contract.

... Total tonnage handled by the Port of Milwaukee through June was four per cent behind 1963, but the valuable cargo trade was 145% ahead.

...The Seaway Authority has engaged a Toronto firm of traffic and operations research specialists to find out how to speed up transits through the Welland Canal. If they could cut five minutes off each trip through a lock, the consultants said, most of the waiting lines of ships would be eliminated.

JULY 9...Detroit's port facilities will be increased next spring with the addition of a specialized cargo handling operation expected to create 400 new jobs. The new terminal will be established in buildings at the foot of Clark Street, formerly occupied by Anaconda American Brass.

JULY 11...Lake Michigan has seen its highest water level of the year.

has been ordered sold at public auction in Erie, Pennsylvania, on July 23. After hearing a foreclosure action against a group of Erie businessmen who bought her 18 months ago, Federal Judge John L. Miller directed the U. S. Marshal to sell the North at auction. She was arrested on June 26th.

JULY 12...Chief Warrant Officer F. J. Greenbrook, commander of the Detroit Coast Guard Group, will retire August 1. A thirty-year veteran of the Coast Guard, he has been in Detroit since April, 1962.

JULY 13...A group of Harsens Island residents have started a movement to revive the old South Channel at the lower end of the St. Clair River as an alternate downbound channel to the Southeast Bend Cutoff Channel. They say designation of the old channel as an alternate route would save time, avoid congestion at Southeast Bend, and provide an emergency alternate route if the Cutoff Channel is blocked by an accident.

JULY 15... Hearings on the economic impact of low water levels in the Great Lakes will be held July 24th

by a Senate commerce subcommittee.

...Following a decision by Canadian Department of Transport not to renew Eskimo's charter for Arctic supply service in summer months, Canada Steamship Lines will lay her up indefinitely at Sorel.

JULY 22...Bethlehem Steel is fitting out two bulk carriers, Daniel J. Morrell and Edward Y. Townsend at Erie for use about August 1. Neither of them sailed last year.

JULY 23... Hall's Leecliffe Hall arrived in Montreal to complete a record-breaking two-way trip for cargoes carried through the St. Lawrence Seaway. She carried a record load of 28,300 short tons of iron ore from Seven Islands to Ashtabula, and made a return trip from Fort William to Montreal with a record cargo of 924,577 bushels of export wheat. The former Seaway records were 27,470 short tons of iron ore and 918,000 bushels of wheat. new wheat record also applies presumably for the Soo, and her draft there was 25 feet 3 inches.

...Verne Kalt, a Toledo orchestra leader, passed away. He performed on the famous Detroit River and Lake Erie flyer, Greyhound, for about five years.

JULY 24...Interlake's Samuel Mather came out of layup in June.

...Algoma Central has ordered a new self-unloader from Collingwood, of dimensions 629 x 72.

...Papachristidis will get a fifth 730-foot laker from the Vickers shipyard, with Seagrams as the "angel."

JULY 25...CSL's latest addition to its fleet, a 730-foot bulk carrier, was launched by Collingwood Shipyards Ltd. despite low water levels of only 15½ feet. The successful launching assured continued work for some 1000 workers who had otherwise been in danger of layoffs.

JULY 28...More than a dozen oceangoing ships have been waiting at Duluth-Superior for as long as three weeks to load grain. A strike by grain trimmers has halted shipments.

...Only one bid was received for A. & J. Mercury at the public auction held in Port Colborne, Ontario. The bid was \$180,000, offered by Grace Line which holds a mortgage on her, and was refused as being under the appraised value demanded by the Exchequer Court of Canada.

JULY 29...Goodtime, a 150-passenger diesel-powered steel boat, has begun daily trips on the Maumee River at Toledo.

JULY 31...North American, one of the last cruise ships on the Great Lakes, was sold at auction for \$39, 000 to Security People's Trust Co. of Erie, Pennsylvania, holder of a \$60,000 mortgage on her. The bank says they expect to put her up for sale.

...Robert M. Fraser, president of Fraser-Nelson Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Co., has been elected a member of the American Bureau of Shipping.

SEAWAY

Compiled by George Ayoub

MARCOS c Worldtrotter b Papachristidis Vassilios a Green Gables Park (launched as Fort Esperance) is sold by Transfruit Shipping Co. Ltd. to Marprimera Cia. Naviera S. A., both of Greece, and is renamed Esperanza.

ST. MALO a James W. Fannin is sold by the French Government to Cia. Santa Kalliopi S. A. of Panama and renamed Tegean.

CARIBBEAN WAVE c Langeais b Ardshir a Rainier, owned by Crestview Shipping Co. of Liberia, is converted from a tanker to a bulk carrier and lengthened to 591.6 feet and her beam increased to 75 feet. Her new gross tonnage is 14,140. She is now renamed Papadiamandis.

Institute membership is available
by Calendar Year in these forms:

monthly

the Institute's

Telescope,

\$ 100 Single copies of Telepriced at 35 cents each. annua 11y annually is inclu-Detroit Historical Society, annually ded in membership rights 4 5 10 Subscription to Telescope \$ Sustaining Membership.. Contributing Membership Life Membership Membership The Institute is Institute. scope are Regular

Great Lakes Great The editors cannot be responshould go to the Coordinating ournal, covers Great Lakes topics. review manuscripts for publication, Lakes Museum, Belle Isle, Detroit 7, to the address authors Its editors welcome opportunity Maritime Institute, Dossin communication with the at LO OF sent care of "Telescope, statements telephone by mail for Director, above, Mich. sible Other tute

under the laws of the State of Michigan. Donations Maritime Institute, Inc., promotes records and pictures related to these lakes; encourages building of models of lake ships; and furthers programs of Dossin Great Lakes Museum, repository of Institute holdings. The Institute was organized in 1952 as the Great Lakes Model Shipbuilders' Guild, with an organization for no profit by the Great Lakes of North America; premember services rendered efforts of the late Capt. Joseph E. Johnston. to the Institute have been ruled deductible Institute serves memorabilia, relics, any remuneration Service. is incorporated as Internal Revenue Lakes interest in the Great scale

The Great Lakes Maritime Institute

President, Robert Radunz
Vice-pres. Kenneth L. Fairbanks
Coordinating Director, Robert E. Lee
Recording Secretary, William M. Worden
Treasurer, James C. McDonald

Directors, Donald V. Baut Captain Frank Becker Henry D. Brown Gordon Bugbee Captain William J. Cowles Robert H. Davison Kenneth L. Fairbanks William A. Hoey William Labonville Robert E. Lee James C. McDonald Emory A. Massman, Jr. William A. Moss Robert Radunz Donald Richards Otto Strek Rev. Peter VanderLinden William M. Worden

Telescope

Editor, Gordon P. Bugbee
Fleet List Editor,
Rev. Edward J. Dowling, S.J.
Picture Page Editor
Emory A. Massman, Jr.
Blueprint Editor,
C. Patrick Labadie
Associate Editors,
William A. Hoey
Robert E. Lee
Otto Strek

GREAT LAKES AND SEAWAY NEWS

Editor, Robert Radunz
Assistant, Ed Andrews
Seaway, George Ayoub
Correspondents,
George Ayoub
Leonard Barr II
Fred W. Dutton
Edwin Sprengeler
Otto Strek
Dan M. Weber
Peter B. Worden
Richard J. Wright

Printed in United States of America by Robert H. Davison, of Waterville, Ohio